ACCESS RULE: GRIEVANCE SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS

Establishing the System

The state must establish a process through which a beneficiary who receives HCBS through a FFS delivery system can file a grievance regarding the state's or a provider's performance of:

- Person-centered planning; and
- Service requirements and HCBS settings requirements.

The state may have grievance system activities performed by a contractor or other government entity, provided the state retains responsibility for ensuring performance and compliance.

Definition of Grievance [42 CFR §441.301(c)(7)(ii)]

A grievance is an expression of dissatisfaction or complaint related to the state's or a provider's performance of the person-centered planning and service plan requirements and the HCBS settings requirements, regardless of whether the beneficiary requests remedial action.

General Requirements

The state must:

- Have written policies and procedures for grievance processes.
- Provide beneficiaries with reasonable assistance in ensuring grievances are appropriately filed.
- Ensure punitive or retaliatory action is not taken or threatened.
- Accept grievances and requests for timeline extensions.
- Provide beneficiaries with appropriate notice and information.
- Review grievance resolutions with which beneficiaries are dissatisfied.
- Provide information on the grievance system to providers and subcontractors.

Handling Grievances

The process for handling grievances must:

Allow beneficiaries to file a grievance orally or in writing.

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- Ensure decisions on grievances are not made by anyone previously involved in a review or decision making related to the problem.
- Provide beneficiaries with reasonable opportunity to present evidence and testimony.
- Provide beneficiaries, free of charge and in advance, with their own case files and any evidence used related to the grievance.
- Provide beneficiaries, free of charge, with language services to support their participation in the grievance process.

Timelines for Resolving Grievances

The resolution timeframe may be extended by up to 14 calendar days if:

- The beneficiary requests the extension; or
- The state documents the need for additional information and shows the delay is in the beneficiary's best interest.

If the extension is initiated by the state, it must:

- Make reasonable efforts to provide prompt oral notice;
- Provide written notice within 2 calendar days of deciding to extend, explaining the reason;
- Resolve the grievance as expeditiously as the beneficiary's health condition requires.

The state must also:

- Notify the beneficiary of the resolution;
- Maintain grievance records that include the nature of the grievance, dates, outcome, and identifying information;
- Make records available to CMS upon request;
- Conduct ongoing monitoring of grievance system records.

Compliance Timeline July 1, 2026, in accordance with federal regulations.